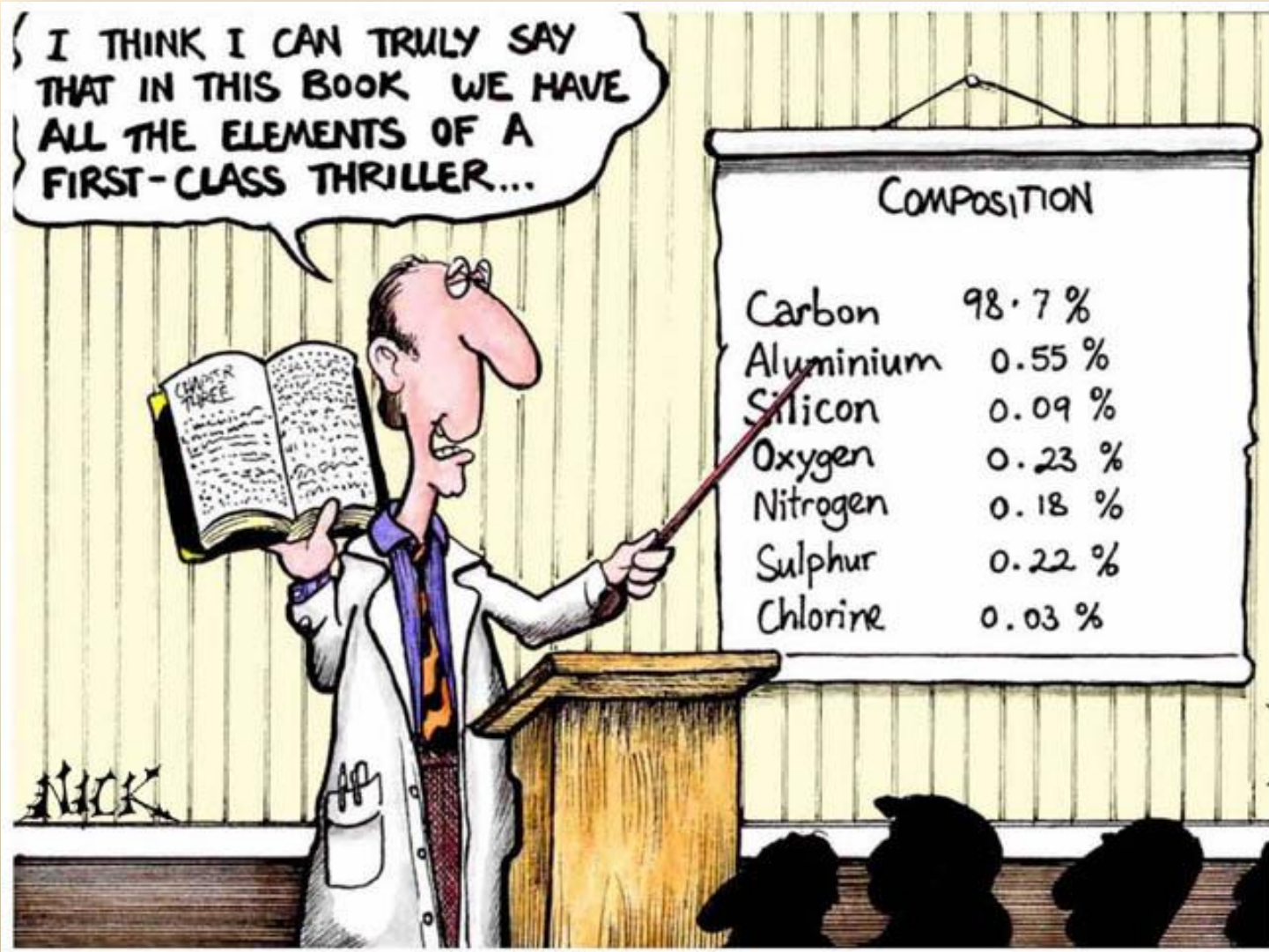
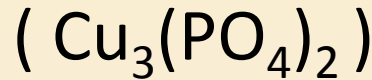


# Percent Composition, Empirical and Molecular Formulas



# Calculating Percent by Mass

- What is the percent by mass of metal in the compound copper II phosphate? (  $\text{Cu}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2$  )



	subscript		from P.T.	
Cu	3	x	63.55	+
P	2	x	30.97	+
O	8	x	16.00	=

Total mass= 380.59 amu

Mass of metal = 190.7 amu

$$\frac{190.7}{380.59} \times 100 = 50.1\%$$

- Find total mass
- Find mass due to the part
- Divide mass of part by total
- Multiply by 100

# Calculating Percentage Composition

Calculate the percentage composition of magnesium carbonate,  $MgCO_3$ .

Formula mass of magnesium carbonate:

$$24.31 \text{ g} + 12.01 \text{ g} + 3(16.00 \text{ g}) = 84.32 \text{ g}$$

$$Mg = \left( \frac{24.31}{84.32} \right) \cdot 100 = 28.83\%$$

$$C = \left( \frac{12.01}{84.32} \right) \cdot 100 = 14.24\%$$

$$O = \left( \frac{48.00}{84.32} \right) \cdot 100 = \underline{56.93\%}$$

**100.00**

# Formulas

Empirical formula: the lowest whole number ratio of atoms in a compound.

Molecular formula: the true number of atoms of each element in the formula of a compound.

- ❑ molecular formula = (empirical formula)<sub>n</sub>
- ❑ molecular formula = C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub> = (CH)<sub>6</sub>
- ❑ empirical formula = CH

## Formulas (continued)

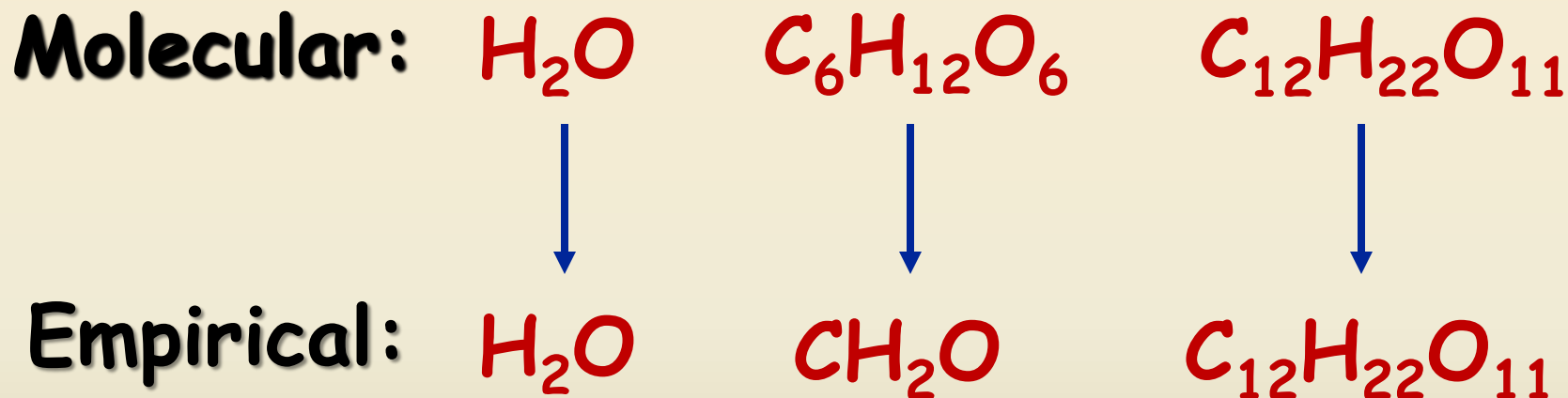
Formulas for ionic compounds are ALWAYS empirical (lowest whole number ratio).

Examples:



## Formulas (continued)

Formulas for molecular compounds MIGHT be empirical (lowest whole number ratio).



# How to calculate an empirical formula

- How to calculate:
  - STEP 1: You will be given either masses or percent composition.
  - STEP 2: If you are given % composition, turn it into grams by assuming a 100.0 g sample. NOTE: If you are given mass, you do not need to do this step.
  - STEP 3: Convert the masses to the number of moles of each element.

- **STEP 4:** Figure out the proportion of moles of each element in the compound by dividing each by the smallest number of moles.
- **STEP 5:** If step 4 resulted in whole numbers, you are done! However, if there were decimals, you will need to multiply by small, whole numbers until you have whole numbers.



# A way to remember those steps:

- A Poem by Joel Thompson:
- *Percent to mass*
- *Mass to mole*
- *Divide by small*
- *Multiply 'til whole*

# Empirical Formula Determination

Adipic acid contains 49.32% C, 43.84% O, and 6.85% H by mass. What is the empirical formula of adipic acid?

1. Treat % as mass, and convert grams to moles

$$\frac{49.32 \text{ g carbon}}{12.01 \text{ g carbon}} \left| \frac{1 \text{ mol carbon}}{12.01 \text{ g carbon}} \right. = 4.107 \text{ mol carbon}$$

$$\frac{6.85 \text{ g hydrogen}}{1.01 \text{ g hydrogen}} \left| \frac{1 \text{ mol hydrogen}}{1.01 \text{ g hydrogen}} \right. = 6.78 \text{ mol hydrogen}$$

$$\frac{43.84 \text{ g oxygen}}{16.00 \text{ g oxygen}} \left| \frac{1 \text{ mol oxygen}}{16.00 \text{ g oxygen}} \right. = 2.74 \text{ mol oxygen}$$

# Empirical Formula Determination

2. Divide each value of moles by the smallest of the values.

**Carbon:** 
$$\frac{4.107 \text{ mol carbon}}{2.74 \text{ mol}} = 1.50$$

**Hydrogen:** 
$$\frac{6.78 \text{ mol hydrogen}}{2.74 \text{ mol}} = 2.47$$

**Oxygen:** 
$$\frac{2.74 \text{ mol oxygen}}{2.74 \text{ mol}} = 1.0$$

# Empirical Formula Determination

3. Multiply each number by an integer to obtain all whole numbers.

Carbon: 1.50	Hydrogen: 2.50	Oxygen: 1.00
$\times 2$	$\times 2$	$\times 2$
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
3	5	2

Empirical formula:  $C_3H_5O_2$

## Finding the Molecular Formula

The empirical formula for adipic acid is  $C_3H_5O_2$ . The molecular mass of adipic acid is 146 g/mol. What is the molecular formula of adipic acid?

1. Find the formula mass of  $C_3H_5O_2$

$$3(12.01 \text{ g}) + 5(1.01) + 2(16.00) = 73.08 \text{ g}$$

# Finding the Molecular Formula

The empirical formula for adipic acid is  $C_3H_5O_2$ . The molecular mass of adipic acid is 146 g/mol. What is the molecular formula of adipic acid?

$$3(12.01 \text{ g}) + 5(1.01) + 2(16.00) = 73.08 \text{ g}$$

2. Divide the molecular mass by the mass given by the empirical formula.

$$\frac{146}{73} = 2$$

## Finding the Molecular Formula

The empirical formula for adipic acid is  $C_3H_5O_2$ . The molecular mass of adipic acid is 146 g/mol. What is the molecular formula of adipic acid?

$$\frac{146}{73} = 2 \quad (C_3H_5O_2) \times 2 = C_6H_{10}O_4$$

3. Multiply the empirical formula by this number to get the molecular formula.